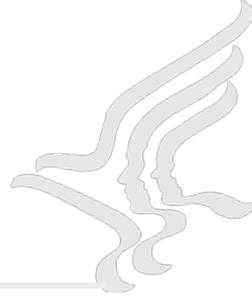


Module 2: Settings, Levels of Care, and Patient Placements



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
<http://www.samhsa.gov>

Module 2 Objectives



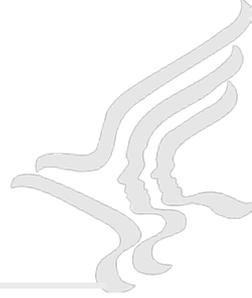
- Define the types of settings for detox and treatment services
- Describe the role of the settings in the delivery of services
- Identify at least five issues to consider in determining whether inpatient or outpatient detox is the preferred setting

Five Settings for Detoxification Services



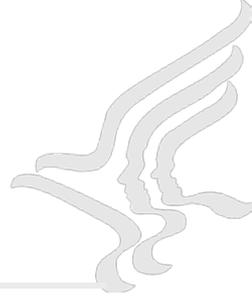
1. Physician's office
2. Freestanding urgent care center or emergency department
3. Freestanding substance abuse treatment or mental health facility
4. Intensive outpatient and partial hospitalization programs
5. Acute care inpatient services

Six ASAM Assessment Criteria for Patient Placement



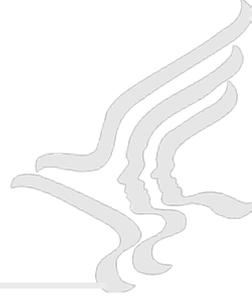
1. Acute intoxication and/or withdrawal potential
2. Biomedical conditions and complications
3. Emotional, behavioral, or cognitive conditions and complications
4. Readiness to change
5. Relapse, continued use, or continued problem potential
6. Recovery/living environment

Setting #1: Physician's Office



- Ambulatory Detox *Without* Extended Onsite Monitoring
 - Services provided by trained clinicians
 - Services include medically supervised evaluation, detox, and referrals
 - Patients are regularly monitored
 - Patients must have a positive social support network
 - Services delivered in an office, treatment facility, or the patient's home

Setting #1: Physician's Office



- Ambulatory Detox *With* Extended Onsite Monitoring
 - Services provided by RNs or LPNs
 - Services include medically supervised evaluation, detox, and referrals
 - Patients are monitored for several hours each day
 - Patients must have a positive social support network
 - Services are provided in a treatment setting such as a day hospital

Setting #2: Freestanding Urgent Care Center or Emergency Department



- Care is for patients who require primary medical and/or nursing care services
- Services include physician-managed procedures and protocols
- Medically directed assessments and acute care include the initiation of detox and withdrawal
- Care does not likely include biomedical stabilization or 24-hour observation
- Triage to inpatient care can be facilitated
- Staffing is typically physicians and credentialed nurses

Setting #3: Freestanding Substance Abuse Treatment or Mental Health Facility



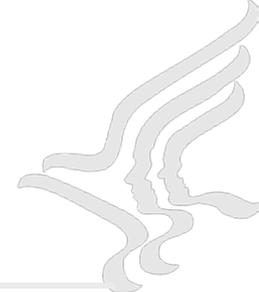
- Inpatient:
 - Medically managed intensive patient detoxification
 - 24-hour supervision, observation, and support for intoxicated or withdrawing patients
 - Stabilization and the facilitation of linkages to other services
 - Staffing includes an interdisciplinary team of physicians, RNs, LPNs, counselors, social workers, and psychologists

Setting #3: Freestanding Substance Abuse Treatment or Mental Health Facility



- Residential:
 - Some provide medically managed detoxification/others use social detox model
 - 24-hour supervision observation and support
 - Emphasize peer and social support
 - Staffing: credentialed personnel implementing physician-approved protocols for observation, monitoring, and supervision
 - Medical evaluation and consultation available 24/7
 - Some provide supervision of self-administered medication

Setting #4: Intensive Outpatient and Partial Hospitalization Programs



- Regularly scheduled detox sessions
- Follows established protocols
- Onsite patient monitoring
- Linkages to treatment services
- Staffing includes interdisciplinary team of physicians, RNs, LPNs, counselors, social workers, and psychologists

Setting #5: Acute Care Inpatient Settings

- Medically monitored inpatient detox
- 24-hour medically supervised eval and monitoring
- Follows established protocols
- Staffing includes interdisciplinary team of physicians, RNs, LPNs, counselors, social workers, and psychologists
- Counselors available 8 hours a day for planned interventions